

CHINOOK



ADVANCE

Vol VII. No 18

Thursday, January 27th, 1921

Subscription : \$1.50 per year, in advance. Single Copy, 5 cent

Save for your Son's Career

YOUR son's measure of success in life depends largely on the preparation you make to-day. He will have to be properly trained and educated. Are you accumulating the necessary money?

Start a savings account on the boy's behalf with us to-day.

\$1.00 deposited every week for 10 years, with interest at 5% compounded semi-annually, will amount to \$100.00.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Chinook Branch

W. A. Cruickshank, Manager
J. Jack, Manager

Our Dry Goods Have Arrived!

And we ourselves are surprised at the reduction in prices. Several lines, we are glad to inform our customers, are back to pre-war prices. Among these lines we might mention CHILDREN'S HOSE, MEN'S SOX, OVERALLS and SMOCKS. Our men's work shirts are exceptionally good quality and the price is right. Our customers can save money on all the above lines. We have an exceptionally good price this week on

Overalls which we are selling at 2.75

This includes all sizes, not merely the slow sellers.

There is no need to mention our Groceries. Our customers advertise for us. Don't forget our SPECIAL this week. Following are a few of our prices:

Green Plume Prunes 5 lb. Carton	\$1.15
No. 1 Siam Rice, 11 lbs. 'or	\$1.00
Shelled Walnuts, halves, per lb.	.55
Sugar, 20 lbs.	\$2.45

J. M. Montgomery

"The Store that Saves You Money"

M. J. HEWITT

Notary Public, Insurance of all kinds

And Loans

Agent for Imperial Oil

Collections Given the Best of Attention

CHINOOK

ALBERTA.

GROCERIES

No. 1 Wrapped Apples \$2.75
No. 1 B.C. Onions \$2.75 100 lbs
Sugar still \$2.50 for 20 lbs.

Fruits In Season

Confectionery

Chinook Produce Co.

H. Meade, Prop.

Local and General

Happenings Here, There and Everywhere, Past Present and Future

For a good time attend the U. F. A. Pic Social on Friday evening, February 4.

Dr. Bridgeman, B.A., of Saskatoon, eye specialist, informs the Advance that he was unable to visit Chinook on Dec. 17, owing to sickness, but will be in town to-morrow, Friday, Jan. 28.

Mrs. R. S. Woodruff, who was called East before Christmas, on account of the death of her father Mr. W. H. Millichamp, of Springfield, Man., returned home last Friday. During her stay East Mrs. Woodruff visited friends in Winnipeg and Saskatchewan.

The fifth annual bonspiel of the Youngstown Curling Club will commence on Tuesday, February 8. There will be two competitions the Merchants and the Club and a Consolation event, as well as a ladies' event.

Mr. G. W. Bunnell left last Saturday morning for Calgary.

Auction sale bills printed at this office.

Chinook Branch of the Women's Institute will meet at the home of Mrs. Mitchell on February 2.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. H. Dunster, of Coliholme, at Calgary on Jan. 17, a son.

Farmers are already preparing to put a candidate in the field to contest the Medicine Hat constituency rendered vacant by the death of the Right Hon. A. L. Sifton. It is thought that a meeting of the Medicine Hat divisional association will be called at an early date for the purpose of selecting a candidate.

I will set up my grinding outfit if there is sufficient grinding to warrant it. Let me know whether you intend having any grinding done.—Dr. Rosenkrans.

Mr. C. E. Barry's farm, the west half Section 14-28-7, which was sold by public auction last Saturday, was purchased by Mr. L. F. Dressel.

The Church Services held at Crocus will be discontinued until Spring.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Yake entertained a number of their friends on Monday evening.

Miss May Ketchen, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. A. McAlister, left this morning for Vancouver, en route for Portland, Oregon.

A few young people met last Monday night and formed a Dramatic Club. The following officers were elected: President, Miss R. Lawrence, Secretary, Miss N. Reist; Mr. J. W. Yake, Instructor.

C. W. Bowman and C. Bowman left Wednesday for Calgary.

A. W. Forgie To Visit Chinook

Mr. A. W. Forgie, Secretary of the Religious Education Council of Alberta, will speak in the Methodist church, Chinook on Tuesday, Feb. 1, at 8 p.m.

We are living in a day of great co-operative movements. No where is the need of united effort felt more keenly than in the work of training our boys and girls and young people for the highest type of Christian citizenship.

The Religious Education Council of Alberta is meeting this need in a splendid way. Through the medium of the Boys' and Girls' Work Boards, the Protestant churches of Alberta are making fine progress in carrying on a program of Sunday and week-day activities that is gripping and training our young people for that type of citizenship that is based on mutual service and allegiance to worthy ideals.

You, as a parent, or citizen should show your interest for the welfare of the boys and girls of our town by being present at this meeting.

Government Will Make Advances for Seed Grain

The government at Ottawa is making arrangements with the banks for advances to those farmers of the west who lost their crops last year and who are unable to personally finance the purchase of seed grain. It is estimated that the amount of the advances will be about half million dollars.

The advances are to be made only to homesteaders, actually engaged in farming, on the security of their personal notes, the government undertaking to make good in the event of default.

School Trustees Attention!

The date of the School Trustees Convention has been changed to February 2nd and 3rd. The following is the programme for the two days:

"Needs of Education in Alberta to-day and the Trustees' responsibility." A. B. Hogg, of Lethbridge.

"Education from Labor's Standpoint." Alex. Ross, M.L.A. "Aims of Alberta Teachers' Alliance." H. C. Newland, President A.T.A.

"The Rural School Problem." H. A. Malcolm, Innisfail.

"A Live Trustees' Association." Wm. Iverach, Ex-Pres. Manitoba Trustees' Association.

"The Future of our Schools." Hon. Geo. P. Smith.

New Years Price Reducing SALE

We need money and are giving you our profits

Wall Paper 50 and 60c, double roll	Now 35c
Gasoline Lamps Reg. 15.00	To clear 12.00
Brooms, Regular 1.65	1.25
Radiator Freeze Proof, reg. 2.50	1.25
Tin Pails, regular 1.00	.75
Lamps, (Queen Anne Burners), reg. 2.25	1.75
One Bushel Feed Baskets, reg. 1.50	1.00
N. P. T. Pots, reg. 3.75	3.00
One only Dowsell Washer, reg. 14.75	11.75
One Only 30 Gal. Feed Cooker, reg. 25.00	18.50
One Only Sanitary Closet, reg. 9.00	7.00
One Only 15 Oak Heater, reg. 19.00	15.00
One Only 13 Oak Heater, reg. 15.00	12.00
Aluminum Ware, 30 per cent. off Old Prices	
Granite Ware 25 per cent. off Old Prices	

Don't Pass Us Up If Its Hardware. Get Our Prices

Woodruff's Hardware



For Choice Cuts of
FRESH BEEF,
PORK or
MUTTON

call at the

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

See Our Show of
Turkeys, Geese and Poultry
A large supply of good Pork Sausages

See me about that quarter of
Beef for winter.

Our Prices from 11 cts. to 16 cts. per lb.

O. HINDS, Prop'r

The Service Garage

All makes of Cars repaired

Batteries Stored, re-charged and Repaired.

OPEN ALL WINTER

Leave your Car with us for general overhauling.

Cooley Bros. Proprietors

Promoting Agricultural Development

While it is true, as pointed out in this column last week, that there is much duplication of services and therefore wasteful effort and money by the Federal and Provincial Departments of Agriculture in Canada, it is also true that these departments of government are performing work of a highly valuable character leading to the development and prosperity of the basic industry of the Dominion.

Through its fine system of experimental farms, the Dominion Department of Agriculture has performed splendid work for Canada, the value of which cannot be estimated in dollars and cents. By the development of Marquis wheat alone, tens of millions of dollars have been added to the wealth of the country, and thousands of tons of early ripening wheat will continue from year to year to add millions to the national wealth. And this is only one of the many valuable experiments carried on which have had far-reaching results in our agricultural development.

In the department of fruit inspection and in promoting the better packing and more scientific marketing of fruit, the standard of Canadian grown fruit has been raised until today it occupies a foremost place, not alone in domestic markets, but in the British and foreign markets.

In Alberta, the work of the Dominion experimental farms has been supplemented by a series of small Provincial demonstration farms which are serving the purpose of educating farmers as to the best crops to grow and methods to pursue in the respective sections of the Province in which these demonstration farms are located.

In all three Prairie Provinces the greatest care has been taken in the establishment of Provincial Agricultural Colleges, and large sums of money have been expended in the erection of large and substantial buildings, in the employment of expert teaching staffs, and in the equipment of these buildings with the very latest designs of farm labor saving machinery. The best types and breeds of horses, cattle, sheep, swine and poultry have been assembled for demonstration purposes, and the farmer's son who takes a course in one of these Colleges is well qualified for his life's work on the land.

In Saskatchewan, the unique experiment of making the Agricultural College an integral part of the Provincial University—the linking together of students in the Arts courses with the students in Agriculture—is being worked out with splendid success and the most gratifying results. These Agricultural Colleges also carry on agricultural extension work, carrying to the farms in all parts of the country the benefit of the experience gained in the Colleges. Better farming trains tour the country every year, each train being made up of demonstration cars fully equipped, and carrying a complete staff of lecturers who are experts in their various departments.

In the earlier years of Western development, the Provincial Departments of Agriculture conducted dairy branches which were largely responsible for building up the dairy industry of the West, thereby providing not only a profitable market for the farmers' product, but also providing the urban residents with their daily necessities in the way of milk, cream and butter. This work of business administration by the Provincial Departments of Agriculture was conducted on a sound basis recognizing the co-operative principle. And when it had been developed to a fairly advanced stage, and established on a firm foundation, the business was turned over to the farmers to manage through great co-operative companies with Government assistance and financial backing.

In like manner provision was made for the co-operative handling and marketing of wool, thereby making it possible for the wool growers of the West to secure the highest price for their wool clip. Later this enterprise, too, was converted into a large, successful and rapidly growing co-operative enterprise directed and managed by the farmers themselves.

Another branch of activity in which Western Provincial Departments of Agriculture have rendered invaluable assistance to the farmers and stock breeders of the West is the importation and sale of bona fide farmers and stock raisers of purchased stock. In this way the standard of Western herds has been raised and a firm basis established for the livestock industry of the West.

Every possible assistance is rendered to Grain Growers' and Livestock Associations, to agricultural fairs and exhibitions, in the direction of improvement of seed used, in the provision of seed in districts which have suffered crop failures, and in countless other ways Provincial Departments of Agriculture are actively co-operating and assisting with a view to overcoming difficulties with which our agriculturists have to contend, and towards placing the chief and basic industry of the West upon a sound and prosperous footing.

Those people who imagine that the duties and functions of our Western Provincial Governments are confined to the passing of laws, the making of regulations, and the enforcing of these, have only to study the annual reports of some of the Departments to realize the scope of the practical work done and the multifarious duties discharged in the interests of the people.

Cyclones and Blizzards

Cyclones are chronicled in this country; but across the border, they are so frequent that they are taken as a matter of course. The exact reverse is the case with blizzards, whose frequent visits receive scant attention in Canada, but which are, especially in the Southern States, events so rare as to be notable. It was on Jan. 13, 1918, that the Southern States suffered from what is regarded as the worst blizzard in their history. It went as far south as Georgia and Alabama, causing many deaths.

Manitoba Bonds Sold

Manitoba has sold \$2,000,000 worth of 10-year 6 per cent. bonds at \$101.11. This, according to the Hon. Edward Brown, Provincial Treasurer, reveals Manitoba as having a good financial credit in the money market.

Quart Weights of Feed

In cases where it is inconvenient to weigh the grain for stock while feeding, the following quart weights are given: Cottonseed meal, 1.5 lbs.; linseed meal, old process, 1.1 lbs.; gluten meal, 1.7 lbs.; gluten feed, 1.2 lbs.; coarse wheat bran, 0.5 lbs.; coarse wheat middlings, 0.8 lbs.; fine wheat middlings, 1.1 lbs.; corn meal, 1.5 lbs.; oats, 1.2 lbs.; rye bran, 0.6 lbs. per quart.

Rembrandt Masterpiece Stolen

Rembrandt's landscape, "After the Thunderstorm," was stolen from a private owner in Hamburg, Jan. 5, and supposedly was shipped to the United States on board the steamer Mongolia which sailed Jan. 6. The painting, which was on wood, was 65 centimetres in length and 49 centimetres high. It is said to be valued at \$2,000,000.

The Sweetness of Wheat and Malted Barley is the sweetness of

Grape-Nuts

The delicately rich flavor, natural to the grains, is developed through 20 hours baking. Grape-Nuts needs no added sugar, and is rich in nourishment of a form easy to digest.

This ready-cooked food is economical
"There's a Reason"



Growth of United Farmers

28,250 Farmers Now Belong to Alberta Association.

Increase in the membership and in the number of locals of the United Farmers of Alberta Association is reported in the secretary's statement, given by H. Higginbotham, at the opening session of the convention held at Edmonton. The membership is reported at the close of 1920 as 28,250, and the total number of locals at 892.

The work of the association among foreign speaking settlers show, it is reported, excellent results. Farmers of Alberta are turning for a settlement of all kinds of problems to the U. F. A., he stated, and asked for co-operation on the part of each member.

A total of \$90,000 was reported secured through the drive. In conclusion, the report asks that to solve the national and provincial problems facing the farmer that the membership of the association support the officers to as great an extent as possible.

To Drain Millions Acres.

Plans are under way to carry on drainage work on 1,000,000 acres of land south of Winnipeg, at a cost of approximately \$1,250,000, according to the Manitoba Drainage Commission. Out of 6,000,000 acres of land under cultivation in Manitoba, more than 1,750,000 acres are in provincial drainage districts. Land today in drainage districts is selling at \$60 to \$100 per acre, and the greater part of this land is being purchased by Americans.

Have Rosy Cheeks!
Look Prettier!
Feel Better!

Simplest Thing in the World to Do at the Small Cost of a Quarter.

You seldom see a woman who is pale, dull-eyed, thin-cheeked, and utterly worn out, who doesn't suffer more or less from headache and constipation. Her poor looks are more largely due to neglect than anything else.

Most women can have sparkling eyes and rosy cheeks if they will but use regularly a blood cleaning and laxative medicine like Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Just follow these simple directions: Tonight take two Dr. Hamilton's Pills and note how much fresher you feel tomorrow morning. Your face will be clearer, your appetite better, your spirits brighter. Next night take one or perhaps two pills again. Gradually reduce the dose as mentioned in the company's directions.

Day by day you will note a steady gain. You'll quickly have back those happy girlish looks you once were proud to think about. No other medicine can do so much for you as Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandarin and Butternut. Sold everywhere in 25c boxes.

It is said that crocodiles moan and sigh like a person in distress to attract people to the spot.

Minard's Liniment For Distemper.

Cultivating Good Will

Dean Sends Thanks for Gift From U.S. to Westminster Abbey. Herbert E. Ryle, Dean of Westminster Abbey, has sent to the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace this message of thanks for the gift of £10,000 toward the restoration of the Abbey:

"The great American people has always had a warm affection for Westminster Abbey, and I rejoice to know that this inheritance from early centuries of English history is felt to be one of those most hallowed pledges of brotherhood which help to unite the two nations in enduring harmony and good will."

Ambiguous.

"Do Englishmen understand American slang?"
"Some of them do. Why?"
"My daughter is to be married in London, and the earl has cabled me to come across."—Boston Transcript.

An automobile company saves \$150,000 yearly by establishing a laundry for rags used to wipe oil and grease from machinery, the result of high cost of rags.

Australia's Record Crop.

The Sydney correspondent of the Daily Telegraph reports that Australia has had a record harvest. New South Wales alone, it is estimated, has a wheat crop of \$5,000,000 bushels, of which 40,000 tons will be available for export.

Minard's Liniment For Garget in Cows.

Inexpensive Meat Dishes

BY LORETTO C. LYNCH
An Acknowledged Expert in All Matters Pertaining to Household Management.

In the colder days, the housewife casts about for substantial meat dishes to serve on the family board. Yet in many parts of our country meat is still high. There are, however, some excellent meat dishes that may be made at a moderate cost.

Select the heart from a healthy beef carcass. Wash it thoroughly and then remove arteries and veins, washing it again, if necessary, to free it from blood. Make a stuffing of bread crumbs, chopped onion and parsley and a few savory herbs. Moisten the stuffing with water, milk or melted fat. Put the stuffing into the heart and sew it securely.

Brown in an iron pan in a little butter or oil. Add a sprinkling of well-seasoned flour and brown a moment longer. Partly cover the heart with water. Cover and cook slowly until tender. Serve with a nice brown gravy made from the liquid in the pot.

Another palatable dish is called "Hot pot of mutton and barley." Cut one pound of mutton into small pieces and brown with three cut-up onions in a little of the fat cut from the meat. Pour into a covered saucepan, add two quarts of water and one-half cup of pearl barley. Simmer for one and one-half hours and then add four potatoes cut into quarters. Add celery top and any other seasoning herbs you desire. Cook one-half hour longer.

From the lamb there are certain by-products that ought to be more frequently called for at the market by the thrifty housewife. Pickled lamb's tongues are popular served cold, and the tongues boiled and then baked covered with a sauce are both delicate and savory. The kidneys are sliced, soaked in cold salt water and then broiled with bacon. They may be stewed with onions and carrots, a dish very popular in England. The hearts may be stuffed, boiled and browned with salt pork.

The liver is sliced, soaked in salt water, and fried as is calf's liver. The brains are often scrambled with eggs. It is best to stir-minion brains before using them. The addition of a little lemon juice or vinegar will both whiten them and make them firm.

Swiss steak is another economical dish worth trying. Buy two pounds of round of sirloin steak, cut two inches in thickness. Pound one-half cup of flour into the meat with a wooden potato masher or the edge of a heavy plate. Heat one-fourth of a cup of ham or bacon drippings. Brown the meat on each side in it. Add onion, a half-cup of green peppers, finely chopped, two cups of boiling water and one cup of strained tomatoes.

Cover closely and simmer two hours. Other vegetables as desired may be added. The dish may be cooked in a casserole. A lamb steak may be substituted and a teaspoon of curry added for seasoning.

But who does not appreciate a well-made savory beef stew. Select one pound of flank, round beef. Select one pound of flank, round beef. Have the butcher cut it up into suitable size pieces. Wipe the meat with a cloth wrung out of salt water. Wash the meat in a pan of water or in running water permits decided losses of the food value. Dredge the meat with well-seasoned flour. Cut some of the fat into small pieces and heat in the frying pan.

Add the meat and stir constantly until the meat is well-browned. Transfer to a cook pot. Rinse the frying pan with boiling water, boil five minutes, then cook at a lower temperature, until meat is tender (about three hours). Add some carrot, turnip and onion the last hour of cooking. Parboil four potatoes, cut into one-quarter inch cubes, for five minutes, and then add to stew fifteen minutes before taking from the fire. If dumplings are added allow fifteen minutes for cooking.

To make dumplings for stew, sit together two measuring cups of flour with four level teaspoons of baking powder and one-half teaspoon of salt. Stir in enough milk or water to make a soft dough. Drop spoonfuls of dough on the stew and cook for fifteen minutes in the covered pot.

Holloway's Corn Remover takes the corn out by the roots. Try it and prove it.

New Orleans has the largest and most modern cotton warehouse in the world, with a capacity of nearly 500,000 bales.

A Problem For Town and Country

Shifting of Population From Country to Town.

The town has conquered in the rural district. The shifting of population from country to town and the transfer of labor from farm to factory have gone far beyond the normal and economical limits, and have become a menace to the national welfare. Being both a capitalist and a workingman, the farmer is fitted to understand the reasonable demands of both wings of society, and he is agreed that great wealth cannot be the legitimate gains of industry and thrift alone, but is the result of trading, speculation or of profiting by other men's labor. There is great need for industrial schools to offset the present drift which, if continued, will result in all labor having to be imported. The lead in the matter of city and country co-operation should be given by the towns. The men in the towns can make the approach with more ease and confidence, and should meet the farmers more than halfway.—J. B. Reynolds, Pres. Ontario Agricultural College.

Canadian Butter Brings Highest Price

The agent of the British ministry of food in Canada has been authorized to purchase first quality Canadian butter at a price equivalent to 300 shillings per cwt. This is the highest price paid anywhere by the ministry of food for butter supplies.

WINTER HARD ON BABY

The winter season is a hard one on the baby. He is more or less confined to study, badly ventilated rooms. It is so often stormy that the mother does not get him out in the fresh air as often as she should. He catches colds which rack his little system, his stomach and bowels get out of order and he becomes peevish and cross. To guard against this the mother should keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house. They regulate the stomach and bowels and break up colds. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

It is said that some of the Venetians of old never have been to the mainland—have never seen a horse in all their lives.

To have the children sound and healthy is the first care of a mother. They cannot be healthy if troubled with Mother Graves' Worm Extirminator.

In the west of England it is considered very unlucky to bring birds' eggs into the house.

A Mild Pill for Delicate Women.—The most delicate woman can undergo a course of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills without fear of unpleasant consequences. Their action, while wholly effective, is mild and agreeable. No violent pains or purgings follow their use, as many women who have used with praise in the past. They are, therefore, strongly recommended to women who are more prone to disorders of the digestive organs than men.

Feminine Intuition. "Givenny and I were great pals, but we don't speak now."
"How perfectly thrilling! What's his name?"—Sydney Bulletin.

The first Englishman to settle in Japan was a sailor named William Adams, who died there in 1620.

PAINS SO BAD STAYED IN BED

Young Mrs. Beecroft Had Miserable Time Until She Took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Hamilton, Ont.—"I have suffered for three years from a female trouble and consequent weakness, pain and irregularity which kept me in bed four or five days each month. I nearly went crazy with pain in my back, and for about a week at a time I could not do my work. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised in the Hamilton Spectator and I took it. Now I have no pain and am quite regular unless I overwork or stay on my feet from early morning until late at night. I keep house and do all my own work without any trouble. I have recommended the Compound to several friends."—Mrs. EMILY BEECROFT, 209 Victoria Ave. N., Hamilton, Ontario.

For forty years women have been telling how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored their health when suffering with female ills. This accounts for the enormous demand for it from coast to coast. If you are troubled with any ailment peculiar to women, don't you try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound? It is made from native roots and herbs and contains no narcotics or harmful drugs. For special advice women are asked to write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of forty years experience is at your service.

Skin Sufferers Read—

"I had a severe attack of Eczema," says Mr. Michael Tapley of Radisson, Sask. "My body was simply covered with eruptions. I had tried every ointment and skin soap that money could buy before I hit upon Zam-Buk."

"Zam-Buk proved the very treatment I needed. I used Zam-Buk Medicinal Soap for bathing, and afterwards applied the Zam-Buk balm in liberal quantity. Soothing and comforting, this treatment soon brought amazing improvement. Persistence with Zam-Buk resulted in my skin being completely cured."

"Zam-Buk for Cuts, Wounds or Sores. Its healing power is astonishing! 50c. all dealers."

—It's Zam-Buk You Need

A waste-paper dealer in London who purchased a quantity of waste-paper from a bank for the sum of sixty dollars has discovered among it envelopes bearing rare old stamps which he has sold for \$45,000.

PILES

Do not suffer another day with itching, bleeding, or protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and afford lasting benefit. 50c. a box, all dealers. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 10c. stamp to pay postage.

MOTHER!

"California Syrup of Figs"
Child's Best Laxative



Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its fruity taste. Full directions on each bottle. You must say "California."

ASPIRIN

"Bayer" is only Genuine



Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting genuine Aspirin at all. In every Bayer package are directions for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pains. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Made in Canada. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

"DANDERINE"

Girls! Save Your Hair! Make It Abundant!



Immediately after a "Danderine" massage, your hair takes on new life, lustre and wondrous beauty, appearing twice as heavy and plentiful, because each hair seems to fluff and thicken. Don't let your hair stay lifeless, colorless, plain or scraggly. You, too, want lots of long, strong, beautiful hair.

A 5-cent bottle of delightful "Danderine" freshens your scalp, checks dandruff and falling hair. This stimulating "beauty-tonic" gives to thin, falling hair that youthful brightness and abundant thickness—All druggists.

Britain Is Still Retaining the Lead In the Naval Race

What Washington officials claim to be complete information as to the relative naval strength of the principal world powers is now in possession of the United States Government. Whether it will be presented to the senate foreign relations committee in connection with that committee's consideration of proposals looking to world disarmament, has not been disclosed.

The information has been compiled in the form of tables which show that Great Britain's sea power is double that of the United States and that although the British preponderance in capital ships will practically have been overcome by the United States with the completion in 1923, of the United States' building program, the United States navy will still be greatly inferior in types of vessels which naval officers regard as extremely important, notably destroyers, leaders, cruisers and light cruisers, and submarines and airplanes.

The United States navy today, according to this information, has more than double the strength of the Japanese navy, and this ratio will be maintained even with the completion of the building program of the two countries. The United States will be far superior not only in capital ships, but also in destroyers and submarines.

Japan, however, will have double the number of battle cruisers, now possessing four such vessels, with eight others projected, while the United States has none completed and only six building. Without reference to second-line ships, of which Great Britain has preponderance in all classes over the United States and Japan, the British navy contains 26 battleships carrying at least ten guns each of 12-inch calibre or larger and displacing 20,000 tons or more.

The United States has 16 such vessels, Japan six, France seven and Italy four. Great Britain has no first-line battleships under construction, while the United States has 11, Japan 7, France 4 and Italy 4.

The British navy still retains an easy advantage in the cruiser type, with six first-line battle cruisers, and four others classed as "second-line." The United States has none completed and six under construction. Japan four in service and eight projected. France and Italy have no battle cruisers built or building.

In light cruiser strength Great Britain leads all other nations by a

large margin, with Japan second and the United States a poor third.

The British navy has 44 light cruisers in the first line, 24 in the second line, and five under construction.

Japan has six such vessels in service and nine under construction, while the United States has three ships built as scout cruisers designated as "light cruisers of the second line" and ten light cruisers of the Omaha class under construction. France has four first-line light cruisers in service and six building. Italy has five in service and none building.

Great Britain is shown to be the only nation with any destroyer leaders, having 24 such vessels. Neither Japan nor the United States has any destroyer leaders under construction, while France has 12 building and Italy five.

Despite the United States' great war-time destroyer building program, Great Britain still maintains a preponderance in both first and second-line vessels of this type. In the first line classification, the British navy has 334 destroyers built and 11 building, United States 269 in service and 12 authorized but not under construction, Japan 27 built, 15 under construction, and probably 30 others authorized, France 10 completed and one building, and Italy 10 in service and 11 authorized.

Although the United States is Great Britain's only "serious" competitor in the matter of submarine strength, there is no evidence in favor of anything approaching equality in this branch of naval strength. Britain has 71 first-line submarines in service, 66 in the second-line, one cruiser submarine and two monitor type submarines mounting a 12-inch gun and another building.

Against this great undersea fleet of 165 vessels, the United States could oppose a total of 98 submarines of all types divided into 52 first-line and 44 second-line short-range craft, two fleet submarines, and no cruiser submarines, with 46 others of various types authorized. The United States has none of the great monitor submarines mounting 12-inch turret guns either built or building.

Japan has no first-line submarines of any class, ten second-line short radius vessels and no fleet cruising or monitor types, although about 40 submarines of all classes have been authorized.

In light cruiser strength Great Britain leads all other nations by a

Ducal Happiness

Robert Smillie's Concern For His Old Opponent.

There was an echo from Robert Smillie, president of the Miners' Federation of Great Britain, of his bout with the Duke of Northumberland before the Sankey Commission.

When presented on December 17 with his portrait in oils by the Northumberland Miners' Association, Mr. Smillie said his ambition was not only to improve the condition of miners and their wives and children but that of all human beings.

"I would like," he said, "to improve the happiness of His Grace the Duke of Northumberland, for I have no desire to pull down for the sake of pulling down."

"I do not think the Duke can be happy. I do not think it possible for a man or a woman to be happy, or that they ought to be happy, if they know they are living in luxury and that there are tens of thousands living in poverty on that account."

"I have never spoken against the Duke of Northumberland as the Duke of Northumberland. He may be, and probably is, as honest and sincere as I am. What I speak against is the class of which he is one."

"I would not dispossess them in the sense that I would see them starve, but I would say that they have no right to be better clothed and fed than human beings in other ranks of society."

The White House Expenses

The Harding's Will Receive \$180,600 For First Year.

Warren G. Harding's first year as president will cost the country \$180,600.

He will receive \$75,000 salary. And \$25,000 traveling expenses.

And \$89,600 for furnishing and upkeep of White House and grounds.

The new First Lady of the land will have \$50,000 to refurnish the house, pay servants and buy autos and horses, gasoline and oats.

Congress allows \$8,000 to heat the executive mansion and the greenhouses, \$18,000 for greenhouse extensions and upkeep, \$9,000 for gardeners' services, and \$9,000 for repairing and reconstructing greenhouses.

White House grounds, closed since war began in 1917, are to be opened to the public again. It will cost \$10,000 to improve them.

The new administration is expected to be a brilliant one—for \$8,600 will be spent to light the mansion, grounds and greenhouses.

But the president will have some bills to pay out of his own pocket. There are food and clothing and the state entertainments.

"They'll cut a hole in his \$75,000 salary."

A Horse From Aberdeen

This Animal Was Decidedly Scotch In Its Characteristics.

A story told by the Lord Provost of Glasgow at the Scottish Corporation gathering merits a wider publicity. It was that of a Glasgow man, who had brought down from Aberdeen, a Clydesdale, which he had bought there, and who was dismayed to find the horse stand stock still in the middle of Sandhill Street. All efforts to move the Clydesdale were unavailing, till at last a man in the crowd, who was something of a vet, called out: "Look at his feet," the suggestion being that the horse was, in veterinary phrase, "set." At the request of the owner, the amateur vet came forward to examine the feet. He lifted the first—nothing wrong—the second, the third, nothing wrong there either. The fourth hoof was lifted—with some difficulty—and it was then found that the animal was standing on a splinter—London Morning Post.

Nothing Wrong With It.

A woman was famous at the local market for her ducks, but one day she sold a tough bird to her neighbor, Brown. As Brown paid a big price for the duck, he called on the vendor right away with anger in his eye.

"What do you mean by selling me such a duck as this," he said, "especially as I am one of your oldest neighbors?"

"Why was there anything wrong with it?" inquired the stall keeper.

"Wrong!" exclaimed the other. "Why wasn't good at all?"

"Well, it ought to have been," declared the duck, conclusively. "It won the first prize at the poultry show for eleven years in succession."

Some years ago, three Englishmen, on a water, decided to test their water-diving powers. The winner swallowed twelve quarts, the second drank nine quarts, and the third consumed seven quarts. Very soon after their remarkable feat, however, they each died.

A Friend of Labor



The Hon. M. Molloy, Secretary of the Bureau of Labor for the Province of Saskatchewan.

Hints For Motorists

Batteries Need Very Special Care in the Winter Months.

The following "hints to motorists" are timely:

1. Winter days are short and often stormy; winter nights are long and dark. In winter you use your lights more.

2. The engine is cold, the oil stiff and the carburetion is slow. It is harder to crank the motor and it takes longer.

3. You can run your car at slower speeds and for short distances only, so that the battery gets less current from the generator, although it must give out more current to lights and starter.

4. If you lay up your car and pay no attention to the battery, it will gradually become discharged, the water in the solution will evaporate and the plates will harden and when spring comes you will find it either ruined for life or dead past all hope.

5. As a battery discharges more and more of the acid is drawn into the plates, consequently the proportion of water in the solution will increase. Water freezes at 32 degrees Fahrenheit and an entirely discharged battery left exposed to cold will freeze at a little below 32 degrees. A frozen battery is seldom worth repairing.

Instructing the Farmers of To-morrow

Three New Agricultural Schools Opened in Alberta This Winter.

Alberta possesses the proud distinction of having more agricultural students compared to its population than any other province in Canada. At the agricultural schools now established in Alberta there are six hundred and forty young men and women in attendance this year. To meet the growing demand for practical agricultural education, three new agricultural schools have been opened in different parts of this province this winter at a total cost approximating half a million dollars. In connection with each of these schools is a demonstration farm occupying about six hundred and forty acres. The buildings include the main school building, large barns and stables, silos, granaries, power house and houses for the teaching staff. Free instruction is given at these schools in soil cultivation, crop growing, livestock raising, farm mechanics, dairying, poultry raising, farm management as well as in cooking, sewing, nursing and home management.

Making Her Education Pay

Hotel Employs a Lady Dietitian and Finds That It Effects a Saving.

A Concordia girl, Miss Pauline Kennet, is receiving \$5,000 a year as dietitian at a hotel at Columbus, Ohio. She has complete charge of the hotel kitchen. She prepares the menu cards, furnishes all the receipts for salads and desserts and tastes and seasons every bit of food that goes on the tables. There are forty-one employees under her direction whom she hires and fires at will. An average of four hundred meals a day are served. Miss Kennet is a graduate of the domestic science department of the State Agricultural College. The management of the hotel says Miss Kennet has saved it 20 per cent. of the cost of serving the tables—Jewell, Kan., Republican.

Customer—"My hair is falling out. Can you give me something to keep it in?"

New Shop Assistant (who wants to be obliged)—"You might take this cigar box. Women often keep theirs in such boxes."

Canadians Should Keep Well Informed on Facts About Own Country

knowledge of one's country should be the first essential of the patriotic citizen's education. Without this knowledge, he is neither prepared to advocate its advantages nor to defend it from depreciatory criticism. Canada has much that her citizens should be proud of, but, unfortunately, this fact is not as well known as it should be by her citizens. Every Canadian should know what Canada's forests, mines, fisheries, wild life and waterways represent to the country. Many thousands go abroad every year and a very large number spend a portion of the winter season in southern climes. Each and every one of these travelers should be a missionary for Canada, spreading knowledge of its many advantages.

Growth of the Dairy Industry of Alberta

Gain of Nearly Two and a Half Million Dollars Over 1919 Output.

The dairy industry of Alberta continued its steady advance during 1920. The total value of the province's dairy products reached \$34,000,000, a gain of nearly two and a half million dollars over the value of 1919 output. Part of this gain was made up by the increased price obtained for these products during 1920 as compared with the previous year. Butter, for instance, sold at the creameries at fifty-six and a half cents a pound as compared with the average price of fifty cents a pound in 1919. The total production of creamery butter, however, was increased from 11,822,800 pounds to 12,150,000 pounds last year, a gain of more than a quarter of a million pounds. There was a slight falling off in the output of cheese, 456,534 pounds being manufactured in 1920 as compared with 520,520 the previous year.

The growth of the dairy industry in Alberta during the last ten years can fairly be described as marvelous. In 1910 the total value of all milk products amounted to \$7,855,751, about one quarter of the value of the 1920 production. The output of creamery butter has steadily grown from 3,010,755 pounds in 1912 to more than four times this quantity in 1920.

Value of Farm Products of Prairies

Appreciable Increase in Total Value of Grain Over Preceding Year.

Products of the soil of the three prairie provinces of Canada in 1920 reached a value of \$471,671,833, an increase of \$67,732,911 over the preceding year, according to statistics compiled by the Manitoba Free Press. The figures on grain are for the last four months of the year, but all the others cover the full twelve months. The value of grains increased from \$206,917,690 in 1919 to \$299,438,880 in 1920. Livestock decreased in value from \$65,284,948 in 1919 to \$51,225,176 in 1920. This decrease was occasioned more by decreased numbers than by lower price. Dairy production is valued at \$73,899,666 in 1920 and \$71,458,441 in 1919.

That's Different!

When Germany Ravaged France It Was An Altogether Different Matter.

German women are demanding that the treaty terms, which require the transfer to France of a great number of cows, be violated to protect the future soldiers of the Fatherland. "Women are defenders of the rights of children" when their husbands, lovers and brothers were killing or stealing the cows from the French children? Did they protest? And, having acquiesced in the looting of milk cows from France, why not now consent to helping save French children that were so deprived and endangered? But, of course, German psychology and the German soul can't go that far.

"But, my dear young lady, you should never allow your grief to overcome you. Remember your husband is far happier in the other world. 'M—maybe he is, but I think you are exceedingly rude to say so.'"

The island of Juan Fernandez, situated off the coast of Chili and popularly supposed to be Robinson Crusoe's island, is to be converted into a national park and tourist resort by the Chilean government.

To Oil Field by Dirigible

Huge Machine Said to Offer the Safest Method of Travel by Air.

The latest development in the plans to handle the expected rush to the northern oil fields next spring contemplates the use of huge dirigible airships, capable of carrying thirty-two passengers and five tons of freight, as a means of transportation.

Majors Jenner and Wollan, of Los Angeles, are at present in Edmonton, Alberta, the jumping-off point for the newly-discovered oil fields, where they are completing their plans and selecting a site for their airbase. The ship which they propose to use, and which is now on order in New York, is a 350,000 cubic foot machine, capable of travelling seventy miles an hour, and carrying a supply of seven hundred gallons of gasoline, thirty-two passengers in its car, as well as five tons of freight.

"The dirigible is the safest method of air travel," Major Jenner told a reporter. "It can land anywhere, and engine trouble while in the air does not necessitate immediate landing."

We hope to put our proposition on a sound business basis. We estimate that we will be able to take a passenger and his freight to Norman and back for \$1,500. This will include the premium on a life insurance policy for the passenger. The percentage of accidents with dirigibles are so small that we feel that we will be able to do it."

If satisfactory arrangements cannot be made at Edmonton, either Murray or Peace River Crossing will be made the southern terminus. Both officers served in the war, Major Jenner with the Canadian Air Force, and Major Wollan with the United States Naval Air Force.

Scotland Remains Wet

Voicing on Prohibition Indicates that the Country is Mainly Against Dry Law.

Scotland has definitely decided to remain mainly wet. Voting on prohibition under the Scottish Temperance Act has been concluded with this result:

Polls were taken in 572 areas, with the result that 496 voted for no change in the present regulation, 41 for abolition of saloons, and 35 for limitation of drink licenses.

As a consequence, out of a total in Scotland of 9,374 licenses, 447 will be withdrawn.

Of 1,153,978 individual voters, 692,222 were for no change; 442,530 for prohibition, and 19,236 for limitation.

Four Years of Dirt.

A resident of New York, who was visiting one of the new oil fields of Texas, came across a small youngster playing in the doorway of a disgracefully dirty and dilapidated house. The child, scarcely recognizable as such because of a very generous application of Texas soil, answered his salutation with a grin.

"How old are you?" asked the New Yorker.

"Four."

"Heavens!" exclaimed the man, "I didn't know anyone could get so dirty in four years!"

Less Luce in 1921.

There are disturbing rumors in the lace city of Nottingham, that Paris fashion early in the New Year is likely to decrease still further severity in woman's dress, entailing the suppression of embroideries and other embellishments which have heretofore copied by the world of fashion will hit thousands of Nottingham girl lace-workers.

Fox Farms Prosper

Value of Industry for the Year Is Placed at Nearly Four Millions.

In a preliminary bulletin giving statistics on the fur-bearing industry in Canada, issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, the value of the fur-bearing industry in the year 1919 is placed at \$3,968,591. There were 414 fur farms in operation, including 249 in Prince Edward Island, 48 in Nova Scotia, 21 in New Brunswick, 52 in Quebec, 10 in Ontario, one in Manitoba, one in Saskatchewan, 11 in Alberta, 8 in British Columbia and 13 in the Yukon. The number of silver foxes on farms was 6,433 with a total value of \$3,013,115. Of the total number of silver foxes Prince Edward Island possessed 4,704, Nova Scotia 364, New Brunswick 472, Quebec 318, Ontario 120, the prairie provinces 280, British Columbia 65, and the Yukon 113.

Grand Championship For Wheat.

In the provincial and city grain competition at the soil products exposition held recently in Winnipeg, E. E. Young, of Oak Lake, was awarded the grand championship for wheat. Irwin McCleod, of Norgate, was second and Samuel Larcombe, of Birtle, former world champion wheat grower, third.

More than 200 grain entries were made for the competition and the grain was of high quality.

One of the most courteous replies on record was made by Thackeray. His Oxford opponent came up to him and said, "May the best man win."

"I sincerely hope not," replied Thackeray, with a bow.

She (superstitious).—"I should never propose to a girl on Friday—It's unlucky."

He (cynical).—"Not always. I once knew a fellow who did it, and the girl refused him."

About Good Manners

Manners Prevent You From Giving Thoughtless Hurt To Others.

Manners are a pleasant deceit—a conspiracy to rob existence of much of its crudity.

Because of them the elusive elements of charm lingers in the world, and gentler natures are encouraged in their robust growth.

A lot of efficient people, though, have discarded manners as so much unnecessary impediments.

Why rise when a woman enters the room? Why appear interested when others talk? Why ask to be remembered to people you have hit forgotten? Why thank anyone for giving you what you have paid for?

There is not much reason or logic behind it all. It is merely that with the finer natures there is an instinctive courtesy that expresses itself in manners.

Just as with so many others there is an instinctive lack of courtesy which finds expression in boorishness. Manners are not useless.

They prevent you from giving thoughtless hurt to others. They make you remain silent when Chopin is being played.

Good manners come from a good heart.—From the London Express.

Smaller Acreage in Britain

Land Cultivation Has Receded From Mark Set During War Period.

Cultivation of land in Great Britain has receded, in point of acreage, from the mark set during the war period, but is still ahead of the agricultural position in pre-war times. Official figures received from its English information service by the Bankers' Trust Company of New York, give the comparative positions as follows: British land cultivation, acreage under crop: Year, 1914, 10,988,000; June, 1920, 10,200,000.

In 1918 the total area under grass and crops was 12,622,000 acres.

Snaps in Groceries!

APPLES
25 boxes McIntosh Reds, good cookers
\$2.75 per box
45 Boxes No. 1 Johnathans at \$3.25 box

SUGAR
Buy it by the 20 lbs. at \$2.40 per sack

FLOUR
Robin Hood Radium at \$5.75 per sack
\$5.65 in 5 sack lots

STOCK FOOD
A new supply of Royal Purple goods to hand.
Get your stock in good shape for Spring.

J. R. MILLER

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New Stock Arriving Daily.
See Us For

**Formaldehyde,
Harness Oil
Rivets, etc.**

And all goods needed to put your equipment
in shape for the Spring work.

"Yours for Service and satisfaction"

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Buy Storm Sash And Save Coal

We have a good assortment on hand.
We also have some BARB WIRE that we can
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Trains on both routes carry first and second class coaches, tourist
and standard sleeping cars, dining cars, drawing room-library-car, en-
partment observation cars.

For reservations and further information apply to local agent
or write

J. MADILL, District Passenger Agent, EDMONTON, Alta.

Planting Windbreaks as Crop Protectors

Mr. Norman Ross, Chief of the Tree Planting Division, Dominion Forestry Branch, at Indian Head, Sask., in speaking of the effectiveness of trees as wind breaks on field crops, at the conference on Soil Fertility and Soil Fertility at Winnipeg, under the auspices of the Commission of Conservation, gave illustrations of the results actually obtained. Of special importance was that secured at the new nursery near Saskatoon, which Mr. Ross described, where the main outside shelter belts had not yet reached more than six to eight feet in height. The nursery is divided into one acre plots, each about 25 yards wide, with caragana hedges about 2½ feet high dividing the plots. Of these plots 35 were sown to oats, after summer-fallow. Almost adjoining and exactly the same class of soil and similarly cultivated, a ten-acre field was sown, also fifteen acres on stubble either spring or fall ploughed. The ten-acre summer fallow field was completely blown out, while the stubble field yielded but to bushels per acre. The protected summer fallow plots yielded 40 bushels of oats per acre—the largest crop in the district. In other words, hedges, 2½ feet high and 75 feet apart, made all the difference between a crop of 40 bushels per acre and a complete failure, all other conditions being equal.

This question is of maximum importance to the Prairie Provinces, and some co-operative system of planting should be developed, whereby large areas could be set out, otherwise much damage may be done to protected lands by blowing soil from adjoining properties.

Don't forget the Pie Social and Dance given by the Chinook U. F. A. Local on Friday evening, Feb. 4

Here's a Good One

A rookie who was the butt of all jokes was on guard one night when he saw a figure advancing in the dark. "Who goes there?" he challenged. "Major Moses," replied the officer. The rookie scented a new joke. "Glad to meet you Moses, old top," he sang out. Advance and give the Ten Commandments.

Curling Notes

The following are the games played on the rink:

Won	Lost
Jan. 17 Rennie H. Smith	Lee Dunn
" 18 Dawson Gingles	Rennie Dunn
" 19 Deman H. Smith Dunn Dawson	Cruikshank J. Smith Chapman Lee
" 20 Campbell Stephenson Rennie Campbell	Lee H. Smith Gingles Gingles
" 21 H. Smith J. Smith Stephenson	Miller Cruikshank Deman
" 22 Campbell Deman Stephenson Campbell	J. Smith Lee Cruikshank Chapman
" 24 Chapman Cruikshank H. Smith J. Smith	Ging'es Dunn Gingles Rennie
" 25 Lee Deman Stephenson Cruikshank	Chapman J. Smith Dunn H. Smith

The local rinks who have been attending the Calgary Spiel returned on Wednesday. Although they were not fortunate to bring back any of the jewellery, they made a very good show. The Rennie rink got into the eights in one competition, and Miller's rink reached the fours in the consolation event.

The session of the Alberta legislature which was called for January 26, has again been postponed. It is thought that the opening session will be on some date between February 25 and March 1. The reason for the further postponement is that it is feared Premier Stewart will not be sufficiently recovered to return to work as first expected.

Celebrate Golden Wedding

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Meighen, parents of Canada's premier, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage on Sunday, Jan. 23. Both Mr. and Mrs. Meighen are still healthy and active, tho Mr. Meighen is 74 and his wife 71 years.

Death of Hon. A. L. Sifton

After a short illness, Hon. A. L. Sifton, (member for the Medicine Hat constituency), died at Ottawa on Friday, Jan. 21. Rt. Hon. A. L. Sifton was born at St. John's Middlesex county, six miles from London, Ont., on Oct. 26, 1859.

The funeral took place on Monday from the Chateau Laurier. Services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Rose, of Douglas Methodist Church, Montreal.

"Fighting Chance" Friday, Jan. 28

Robert W. Chambers' greatest novel "The Fighting Chance" will be screened in Chinook on Friday, Jan. 28. Her foe was love of luxury. His foe, a lot of drink. Their fight, a worthy foe they bore each other. This is a romance film with the dash and color of New York's smartest society. Of men and club and country houses and intrigues of the idle rich. Lovely gowns, beautiful women, and an under-water love scene that will live as a screen sensation. Don't miss this picture.

Remember the U. F. A. picnic and dance at the Chinook School on Friday, Feb. 4.

A. J. L. Carter was a visitor in Youngstown on Wednesday.

A meeting of the Chinook Curling Club will be held tonight (Thursday) at 8 o'clock in the Banner Hardware Store. All members are requested to be present.

WANTED—Housekeeper for farm. Four children. Apply, Box 102, Youngstown.

WANTED—To rent a typewriter, any make. Apply, The Advance, Chinook.

E. J. Bridgeman,

B. A., Optician,
Honor Graduate, Cdn. Ophthalmic College, of Toronto
Eyesight Specialist
and Professor of Opticianry,
SASKATOON
Eyes Examined. Glasses Supplied.
Will be at
CHINOOK

On Friday, Jan. 28th

Public Sale

Friday, Jan. 28, at 1 p.m.

At the South half, 21-30-7, w. 4, 3 miles north of CHINOOK

The Settler Settlement Fund of Canada will offer for sale a quantity of—

**Farm Stock
And Implements**

Formerly held under Agreement of Sale by E. Harris.

Terms: (Cash at time of Sale)



Crocus Lodge, No. U.D.G.R.A. A.F. & A.M.

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday on or after the full moon.
Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

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W. M.

CHAS. WYLIE,
Secretary

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REGULAR MEALS 50c.
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In Chinook every Friday at the Acadia Hotel.

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D. Bell, B.A.

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Regular first-class meals, 50c. Board and Room by the week very reasonable

Short Orders at all hours

Confectionery, Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos

Fresh Oysters, and Bread

Chinese Lilies for Sale

Soft Drinks

M. L. CHAPMAN

Chinook, Alta.

GENERAL DRAVING

All orders promptly attended to

CHINOOK MARKETS

Wheat, No. 1	\$1 55
" No. 2	1 52
" No. 3	1 47
Oats, No. 2, Canada West	32
Oats, feed	30
Barley	62
Flax	1 65
Corn	
Live Hogs (Calgary)	00 00
Eggs	55
Butter	55

The White Home Restaurant and Bakery

Meals at all hours. All kinds of Tobacco, Candles and Soft Drinks

We Employ White Help.

Farm Loans

The old, reliable North of Scotland Mortgage Co. still have plenty of money for Farm Loans
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Chinook, Alta.

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E. E. NOBLE,
24-29-8, Chinook.

TENDERS FOR SECRETARY

Tenders for Secretary for the Chinook Agricultural Society will be received by the undersigned on or before January 30. Duties to commence at once. State salary required.

The lowest or any tender necessary accepted.

Chinook Agricultural Society,
R. R. Dunn,
Acting Sec'y.